

Keysight InfiniiVision 2000/3000 X-Series Oscilloscopes

Service Guide

Notices

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CAUTION

A **CAUTION** notice denotes a hazard. It calls attention to an operating procedure, practice, or the like that, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in damage to the product or loss of important data. Do not proceed beyond a **CAUTION** notice until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

WARNING

A **WARNING** notice denotes a hazard. It calls attention to an operating procedure, practice, or the like that, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in personal injury or death. Do not proceed beyond a **WARNING** notice until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

In This Service Guide

This book provides the service information for the Keysight 2000/3000 X-Series oscilloscopes. This manual is divided into these chapters:

1 Characteristics and Specifications

This chapter contains a partial list of characteristics and specifications for the Keysight InfiniiVision 2000/3000 X-Series oscilloscopes.

2 Testing Performance

This chapter explains how to verify correct oscilloscope operation and perform tests to ensure that the oscilloscope meets the performance specifications.

3 Calibrating and Adjusting

This chapter explains how to adjust the oscilloscope for optimum operating performance.

4 Troubleshooting

This chapter begins with suggestions for solving general problems that you may encounter with the oscilloscope. Procedures for troubleshooting the oscilloscope follow the problem solving suggestions.

5 Replacing Assemblies

This chapter describes how to remove assemblies from the 2000/3000 X-Series oscilloscope.

6 Replaceable Parts

This chapter describes how to order replaceable assemblies and parts for the Keysight 2000/3000 X-Series oscilloscopes. It includes diagrams and parts lists for hardware that you can order.

7 Safety Notices

At the front of the book you will find safety notice descriptions and document warranties.

Digital Channels

Because all of the oscilloscopes in the Keysight 2000/3000 X-Series have analog channels, the analog channel topics in this book apply to all instruments. Whenever a topic discusses the digital channels, that information applies only to Mixed-Signal Oscilloscope (MSO) models or DSO models that have been upgraded to an MSO.

Abbreviated instructions for pressing a series of keys

Instructions for pressing a series of keys are written in an abbreviated manner. Instructions for pressing Key1, then pressing Softkey2, then pressing Softkey3 are abbreviated as follows:

Press [**Key1**] → **Softkey2** → **Softkey3**.

The keys may be front panel keys, or softkeys, which are located directly below the oscilloscope display.

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1 Characteristics and Specifications

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This chapter contains a partial list of characteristics and specifications for the Keysight InfiniiVision 2000/3000 X-Series oscilloscopes.

For a full list of Keysight InfiniiVision 2000/3000 X-Series oscilloscopes characteristics and specifications see the data sheets.

The data sheets are available at www.keysight.com/find/2000X-Series or www.keysight.com/find/3000X-Series.

Power Requirements

Line voltage, frequency, and power:

- ~Line 100-120 Vac, 50/60/400 Hz
- 100-240 Vac, 50/60 Hz
- 100 W max

Measurement Category

Measurement Category

The InfiniiVision 2000/3000 X-Series oscilloscopes are not intended to be used for measurements in Measurement Category II, III, or IV.

WARNING

Use this instrument only for measurements within its specified measurement category (not rated for CAT II, III, IV). No transient overvoltages allowed.

Measurement Category Definitions

The "Not rated for CAT II, III, IV" measurement category is for measurements performed on circuits not directly connected to MAINS. Examples are measurements on circuits not derived from MAINS, and specially protected (internal) MAINS derived circuits. In the latter case, transient stresses are variable; for that reason, the transient withstand capability of the equipment is made known to the user.

Measurement category II is for measurements performed on circuits directly connected to the low voltage installation. Examples are measurements on household appliances, portable tools and similar equipment.

Measurement category III is for measurements performed in the building installation. Examples are measurements on distribution boards, circuit-breakers, wiring, including cables, bus-bars, junction boxes, switches, socket-outlets in the fixed installation, and equipment for industrial use and some other equipment, for example, stationary motors with permanent connection to the fixed installation.

Measurement category IV is for measurements performed at the source of the low-voltage installation. Examples are electricity meters and measurements on primary overcurrent protection devices and ripple control units.

Maximum Input Voltage

CAUTION

Maximum input voltage for analog inputs
135 Vrms

CAUTION

Do not exceed 5 Vrms in 50 Ω mode (3000 X-Series oscilloscopes only). Input protection is enabled in 50 Ω mode, and the 50 Ω load will disconnect if greater than 5 Vrms is detected. However, the input could still be damaged, depending on the time constant of the signal. The 50 Ω input protection mode only functions when the oscilloscope is powered on.

CAUTION

When measuring voltages over 30 V, use a 10:1 probe.

CAUTION

Maximum input voltage for logic channels:
 ± 40 V peak

Environmental Conditions

Environment	Indoor use only.
Ambient temperature	Operating 5 °C to +55 °C; non-operating –40 °C to +71 °C
Humidity	Operating: Up to 80% RH at or below +40 °C. Up to 45% RH up to +50 °C. Non-operating: Up to 95% RH up to +40 °C. Up to 45% RH up to +50 °C.
Altitude	Operating and non-operating to 4,000 m (13,123 ft)
Overvoltage Category	This product is intended to be powered by MAINS that comply to Overvoltage Category II, which is typical of cord-and-plug connected equipment.
Pollution Degree	The InfiniiVision 2000/3000 X-Series oscilloscopes may be operated in environments of Pollution Degree 2 (or Pollution Degree 1).
Pollution Degree Definitions	Pollution Degree 1: No pollution or only dry, non-conductive pollution occurs. The pollution has no influence. Example: A clean room or climate controlled office environment. Pollution Degree 2. Normally only dry non-conductive pollution occurs. Occasionally a temporary conductivity caused by condensation may occur. Example: General indoor environment. Pollution Degree 3: Conductive pollution occurs, or dry, non-conductive pollution occurs which becomes conductive due to condensation which is expected. Example: Sheltered outdoor environment.

Specifications

Please see the *InfiniiVision 2000/3000 X-Series Oscilloscopes Data Sheet* for complete, up-to-date specifications and characteristics.

To download a copy of the data sheet please visit:
www.keysight.com/find/2000X-Series or www.keysight.com/find/3000X-Series.

Contact us

To contact Keysight, see: www.keysight.com/find/contactus

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This chapter explains how to verify correct oscilloscope operation and perform tests to ensure that the oscilloscope meets the performance specifications.

Overview

To completely test and troubleshoot MSO models, create and use the test connector accessory as described in this chapter.

- The test connector is only required for oscilloscopes that have the MSO option licensed (enabled).
- The connector is used in the digital channel threshold accuracy test.
- The test connector keeps electrical distortion to a minimum and makes it easy for you to connect the oscilloscope probes to function generators and measurement equipment.

Let the Equipment Warm Up Before Testing

For accurate test results, let the test equipment and the oscilloscope warm up 30 minutes before testing.

Verifying Test Results

During the tests, record the readings in the Performance Test Record on [page 53](#). To verify whether a test passes, verify that the reading is within the limits in the Performance Test Record.

If a performance test fails

If a performance test fails, first perform the User Cal procedure. Press the following keys to access User Cal: [Utility]→Service→Start User Cal.

List of Test Equipment

Below is a list of test equipment and accessories required to perform the performance test verification procedures.

Table 1 List of test equipment

Equipment	Critical Specifications	Recommended Model/ Part Number
Test connector, 8-by-2*	See page 21 for instructions on building test connector.	n/a
Digital Multimeter	0.1 mV resolution, 0.005% accuracy	Keysight 34401A/34461A
Power Splitter	Outputs differ by 0.15 dB	Keysight 11667A
Precision Source	DC voltage of -5.5 V to 35.5 V, 0.1 mV resolution	Keysight B2912A/B2962A
Signal Generator	25 MHz, 100 MHz, 350 MHz, 500 MHz, and 1 GHz sine waves	Keysight N5171B
Power Meter	1 GHz $\pm 3\%$ accuracy	Keysight N1914A
Power Sensor	1 GHz $\pm 3\%$ accuracy	Keysight E9304A or N8482A
50 Ω BNC Cable (qty 3)	BNC - BNC, 48" length	Keysight 8120-1840 [†]
Cable	Type N (m) 609.6 mm (24 in.)	Keysight 11500B
Probe cable*	No substitute	16-channel: Keysight N6450-60001 or N2756-60001 8-channel: Keysight N6459-60001 or N2755-60001 [†]
Adapter (qty 2)	BNC(f) to banana (m)	Keysight 1251-2277 [†]
BNC Tee	BNC Tee (m) (f) (f)	Keysight 1250-0781 [†] or Pomona 3285
Adapter	Type N (m) to BNC (m)	Keysight 1250-0082 or Pomona 3288 with Pomona 3533

* Required only for testing digital channels of oscilloscopes that have the MSO option.

Most parts and equipment are available at www.keysight.com. See respective manufacturer's websites for their equipment.

[†] These parts available at www.parts.keysight.com at the time this manual was published.

Table 1 List of test equipment (continued)

Equipment	Critical Specifications	Recommended Model/ Part Number
Shorting cap	BNC	Keysight 1250-0774
Blocking capacitor	Note: if a BNC blocking capacitor is not available use an SMA blocking capacitor.	Keysight 11742A + Pomona 4289 + Pomona 5088
50 Ohm Feedthrough Termination	50Ω BNC (f) to BNC (m)	Keysight 0960-0301
* Required only for testing digital channels of oscilloscopes that have the MSO option. Most parts and equipment are available at www.keysight.com . See respective manufacturer's websites for their equipment. † These parts available at www.parts.keysight.com at the time this manual was published.		

Conventions

The following conventions will be used when referring to oscilloscope models throughout this chapter.

Table 2 Conventions

Models	Referred to as:
MSO-X /DSO-X 2002A, MSO-X /DSO-X 2004A	70 MHz Models
MSO-X /DSO-X 2012A, MSO-X /DSO-X 2014A MSO-X /DSO-X 3012A, MSO-X /DSO-X 3014A	100 MHz Models
MSO-X /DSO-X 2022A, MSO-X /DSO-X 2024A MSO-X /DSO-X 3024A	200 MHz Models
MSO-X /DSO-X 3032A, MSO-X /DSO-X 3034A	350 MHz Models
MSO-X /DSO-X 3052A, MSO-X /DSO-X 3054A	500 MHz Models
MSO-X /DSO-X 3102A, MSO-X /DSO-X 3104A	1 GHz Models

To construct the test connector (for use with MSO models only)

Keysight 2000/3000 X-Series oscilloscopes that have digital channels enabled require the test connector described below. Follow the steps to build the test connector.

Table 3 Materials required to construct the test connectors

Description	Recommended Part	Qty
BNC (f) Connector	Keysight 1250-1032 or Pomona 4578	1
Berg Strip, 8-by-2	3M .100" x .100" Pin Strip Header or similar	1 strip, cut to length (8x2)
Jumper wire		

- 1 Obtain a BNC connector and an 8-by-2 section of Berg strip. A longer strip can be cut to length using wire cutters.
- 2 On one side of the Berg strip, solder a jumper wire to all of the pins (shown in **Figure 1** on page 22).
- 3 On the other side of the Berg strip, solder another jumper wire to all of the pins.
- 4 Solder the center of the BNC connector to a center pin on one of the rows on the Berg strip.
- 5 Solder the ground tab of the BNC connector to a center pin on the other row on the Berg strip.

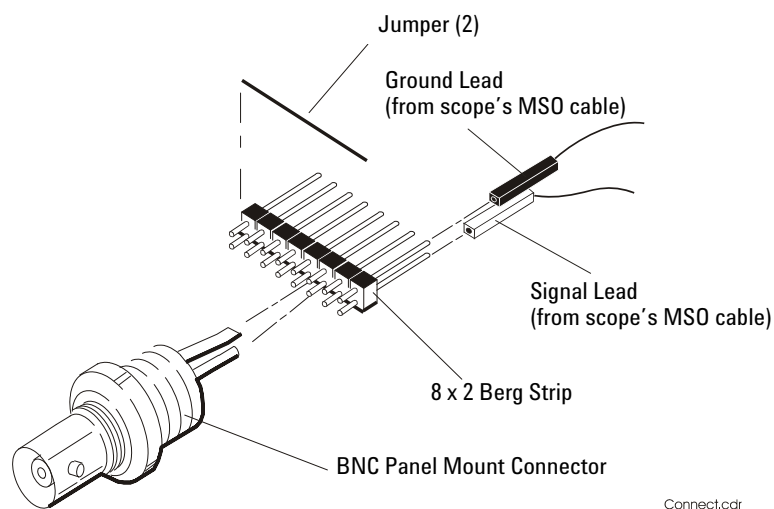


Figure 1 Constructing the 8-by-2 Connector

To test digital channels (MSO models only)

The acquisition system testing provides confidence that the acquisition system is functioning correctly. It does not, however, check a particular specification.

- 1 Disconnect all probes from the circuit under test and from any other input source.
- 2 Using probe leads and grabbers, connect digital channels D0, D1, D2, and D3 to the Probe Comp signal on the center of the front panel.
- 3 Press the **[AutoScale]** key.

If four square waves appear, the acquisition system is functioning correctly.

If the square waves do not appear, go to the “Troubleshooting” chapter. Then return here to finish testing the digital channels.

- 4 Disconnect the digital channels from the calibration point.
- 5 Use steps 2 and 3 to test the following sets of digital channels. After you test one set of digital channels, remove them before connecting the next set.
 - D4, D5, D6, D7
 - D8, D9, D10, D11 (on 3000 X-Series models)
 - D12, D13, D14, D15 (on 3000 X-Series models)

To verify digital channel threshold accuracy (MSO models only)

This test verifies the digital channel threshold accuracy specification of the Keysight 2000/3000 X-Series oscilloscopes.

Threshold accuracy test limits: $\pm(100 \text{ mV} + 3\% \text{ of threshold setting})$

When to Test

You should perform this test every 12 months or after 2000 hours of operation, whichever comes first.

What to Test

Use these instructions to test the threshold settings of digital channels D7-D0. Then, use the same instructions to test digital channels D15-D8 (on 3000 X-Series).

Verifying Test Results

After each threshold test, record the voltage reading in the Performance Test Record on [page 53](#). To verify whether a test passes, verify that the voltage reading is within the limits in the Performance Test Record.

Table 4 Equipment Required to Test Digital Channel Threshold Accuracy

Equipment	Critical Specifications	Recommended Model/Part
Digital Multimeter	0.1 mV resolution, 0.005% accuracy	Keysight 34401A/34461A
Precision Source	DC voltage of -5.5 V to 5.5 V, 10 mV resolution	Keysight B2912A/B2962A
Adapter (qty 2)	BNC(f) to banana (m)	Keysight 1251-2277
BNC Tee	BNC Tee (m) (f) (f)	Keysight 1250-0781 or Pomona 3285
50 Ω BNC Cable	BNC - BNC, 48" length	Keysight 8120-1840
BNC Test Connector, 8-by-2		User-built (See page 21)
Probe Cable	No substitute	16-channel: Keysight N6450-60001 or N2756-60001 8-channel: Keysight N6459-60001 or N2755-60001

- 1 Turn on the test equipment and the oscilloscope. Let them warm up for 30 minutes before starting the test.
- 2 Set up the precision source.
 - a Set the precision source to provide a DC offset voltage at the Channel 1 output.

Note: Set the Low Force terminal of the Precision Source to its "Floating" state to prevent offset error caused by ground loop current from the Precision Source ground to the DUT ground.
 - b Use the multimeter to monitor the precision source DC output voltage.
- 3 Use the 8-by-2 test connector and the BNC cable assembly to connect digital channels D0-D7 to one side of the BNC Tee. Then connect the D0-D7 ground lead to the ground side of the 8-by-2 connector. See [Figure 2](#).

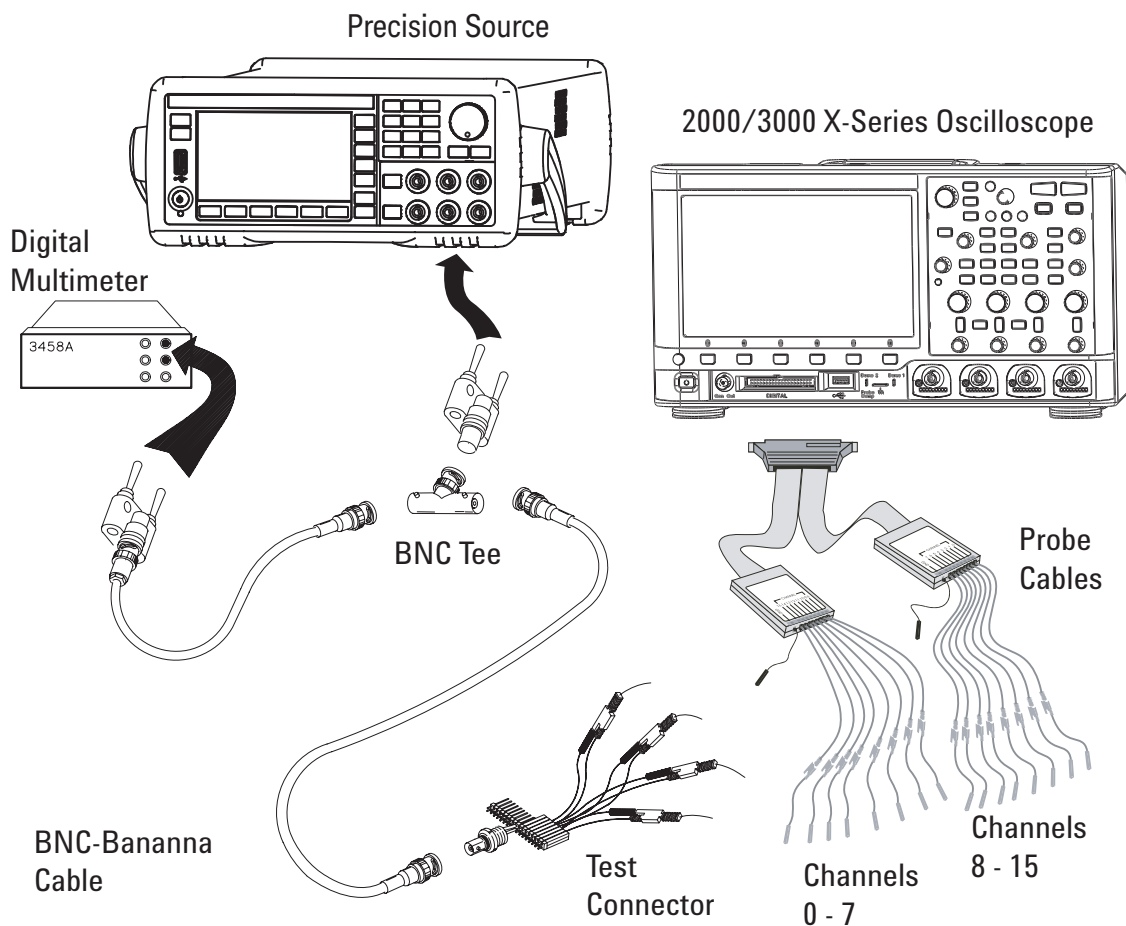


Figure 2 Setting Up Equipment for Digital Channel Threshold Accuracy Test

- 4 Use a BNC-bananna cable to connect the multimeter to the other side of the BNC Tee.
- 5 Connect the BNC Tee to the Channel 1 output of the precision source as shown in **Figure 2**.
- 6 On the oscilloscope, press the **[Digital]** key, then press the **Thresholds** softkey, then press the **D7 - D0** softkey repeatedly until the check mark is next to **User**.

- 7 Press the **User** softkey to the right of the **D7 - D0** softkey, then turn the Entry knob (↻) on the front panel of the oscilloscope to set the threshold test settings as shown in **Table 5**.

Table 5 Threshold Accuracy Voltage Test Settings

Threshold voltage setting (in oscilloscope User softkey)	DC offset voltage setting (on precision source)	Limits
+5.00 V	+5.250 V \pm 1 mV dc	Lower limit = +4.750 V Upper limit = +5.250 V
-5.00 V	-4.750 V \pm 1 mV dc	Lower limit = -5.250 V Upper limit = -4.750 V
0.00 V	+100m V \pm 1 mV dc	Upper limit = +100 mV Lower limit = -100 mV

- 8 Do the following steps for each of the threshold voltage levels shown in **Table 5**.

- Set the threshold voltage shown in the **User** softkey using the Entry knob on the oscilloscope.
- Enter the corresponding DC offset voltage on the precision source front panel. Then use the multimeter to verify the voltage.

Digital channel activity indicators are displayed on the status line at the top of the oscilloscope display. The activity indicators for D7-D0 should show all of the channels at digital high levels.

- Use the knob on the precision source to decrease the offset voltage, in increments of 10 mV, until the activity indicators for digital channels D7-D0 are all at digital low levels. Record the precision source voltage in the Performance Test Record (see **page 53**).
- Use the knob on the precision source to increase the offset voltage, in increments of 10 mV, until the activity indicators for digital channels D7-D0 are all at digital high levels. Record the precision source voltage in the Performance Test Record (see **page 53**).

Before proceeding to the next step, make sure that you have recorded the precision source voltage levels for each of the threshold settings shown in **Table 5**.

- 9** When testing 3000 X-Series MSOs, use the 8-by-2 test connector to connect digital channels D15-D8 to the output of the precision source. Then connect the D15-D8 ground lead to the ground side of the 8-by-2 connector.
- 10** Repeat this procedure (steps 6 through 8) for digital channels D15-D8 to verify threshold accuracy and record the threshold levels in the Performance Test Record (see [page 53](#)). Be sure to set the thresholds with the **User** softkey for the appropriate set of channels.

To verify DC vertical gain accuracy

This test verifies the accuracy of the analog channel DC vertical gain for each channel.

In this test, you will measure the dc voltage output of a precision source using the oscilloscope's **Average - Full Screen** voltage measurement and compare the results with the multimeter reading.

Table 6 DC Vertical Gain Accuracy Test Limits

Models	Test Limits	Notes
2000 X-Series	±3% of full scale (≥ 10 mV/div); ±4% of full scale (< 10 mV/div)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Full scale is defined as 32 mV on the 2 mV/div range and the 1 mV/div range.Full scale on all other ranges is defined as 8 divisions times the V/div setting.
3000 X-Series	±2.0% of full scale	

Table 7 Equipment Required to Verify DC Vertical Gain Accuracy

Equipment	Critical Specifications	Recommended Model/Part
Precision Source	DC voltage of 7 mV to 35 V, 0.1 mV resolution	Keysight B2912A/B2962A
Digital multimeter	Better than 0.01% accuracy	Keysight 34401A/34461A
50 Ω BNC Cable (qty 2)	BNC - BNC, 48" length	Keysight 8120-1840
Adapter (qty 2)	BNC (f) to banana (m)	Keysight 1251-2277
BNC Tee	BNC tee (m) (f) (f)	Keysight 1250-0781 or Pomona 3285
Shorting cap	BNC	Keysight 1250-0774
Blocking capacitor	Note: if a BNC blocking capacitor is not available use an SMA blocking capacitor.	Keysight 11742A + Pomona 4289 + Pomona 5088


- 1 Press **[Save/Recall] > Default/Erase > Factory Default** to recall the factory default setup.
- 2 If you are testing a 2000 X-Series oscilloscope, set the probe attenuation to 1:1 on the analog channel you are testing (for example, **[1] > Probe > Probe**; then, turn the  Entry knob to select **1.00 : 1**).
- 3 Set up the oscilloscope.
 - a Adjust the horizontal scale to **200.0 us/div**.
 - b Set the Volts/Div setting to the value in the first line in **Table 8** or **Table 9** (depending on the oscilloscope model).
 - c Adjust the channel's vertical position knob to place the baseline (reference level) at 0.5 major division from the bottom of the display.

Table 8 Settings Used to Verify DC Vertical Gain Accuracy, 2000 X-Series Models

Volts/Div Setting	Precision Source Setting	Test Limits		
5 V/Div	35 V	33.8 V	to	36.2 V
2 V/Div	14 V	13.52 V	to	14.48 V
1 V/Div	7 V	6.76 V	to	7.24 V
500 mV/Div	3.5 V	3.38 V	to	3.62 V
200 mV/Div	1.4 V	1.352 V	to	1.448 V
100 mV/Div	700 mV	676 mV	to	724 mV
50 mV/Div	350 mV	338 mV	to	362 mV
20 mV/Div	140 mV	135.2 mV	to	144.8 mV
10 mV/Div	70 mV	67.6 mV	to	72.4 mV
5 mV/Div ¹	35 mV	33.4 mV	to	36.6 mV
2 mV/Div ^{1, 2}	14 mV	12.72 mV	to	15.28 mV
1 mV/Div ^{1, 2}	7 mV	5.72 mV	to	8.28 mV

¹ A blocking capacitor is required at this range to reduce noise. See **"Use a Blocking Capacitor to Reduce Noise"** on page 34.


² Full scale is defined as 32 mV on the 2 mV/div and the 1 mV/div range. Full scale on all other ranges is defined as 8 divisions times the V/div setting.

Table 9 Settings Used to Verify DC Vertical Gain Accuracy, 3000 X-Series Models

Volts/Div Setting	Precision Source Setting	Test Limits		
5 V/Div	35 V	34.2 V	to	35.8 V
2 V/Div	14 V	13.68 V	to	14.32 V
1 V/Div	7 V	6.84 V	to	7.16 V
500 mV/Div	3.5 V	3.42 V	to	3.58 V
200 mV/Div	1.4 V	1.368 V	to	1.432 V
100 mV/Div	700 mV	684 mV	to	716 mV
50 mV/Div	350 mV	342 mV	to	358 mV
20 mV/Div	140 mV	136.8 mV	to	143.2 mV
10 mV/Div	70 mV	68.4 mV	to	71.6 mV
5 mV/Div ¹	35 mV	34.2 mV	to	35.8 mV
2 mV/Div ^{1, 2}	14 mV	13.36 mV	to	14.64 mV
1 mV/Div ^{1, 2}	7 mV	6.36 mV	to	7.64 mV

¹ A blocking capacitor is required at this range to reduce noise. See **"Use a Blocking Capacitor to Reduce Noise"** on page 34.

² Full scale is defined as 32 mV on the 2 mV/div range and the 1 mV/div range. Full scale on all other ranges is defined as 8 divisions times the V/div setting.

- d Press the **[Acquire]** key.
 - e Then press the **Acq Mode** softkey and select **Averaging**.
 - f Then press the **#Avgs** softkey and set it to 64.
- Wait a few seconds for the measurement to settle.
- 4 Add a measurement for the average voltage:
 - a Press the **[Meas]** key.
 - b Press **Source**; then, turn the Entry knob (labeled  on the front panel) to select the channel you are testing.
 - c Press **Type**; then, turn the Entry knob to select **Average - Full Screen**, and press **Add Measurement**.

- 5 Read the “current” average voltage value as V1.
- 6 Use the BNC tee and cables to connect the precision source /power supply to both the oscilloscope and the multimeter (see **Figure 3**).

Note: Set the Low Force terminal of the Precision Source to its "Floating" state to prevent offset error caused by ground loop current from the Precision Source ground to the DUT ground.

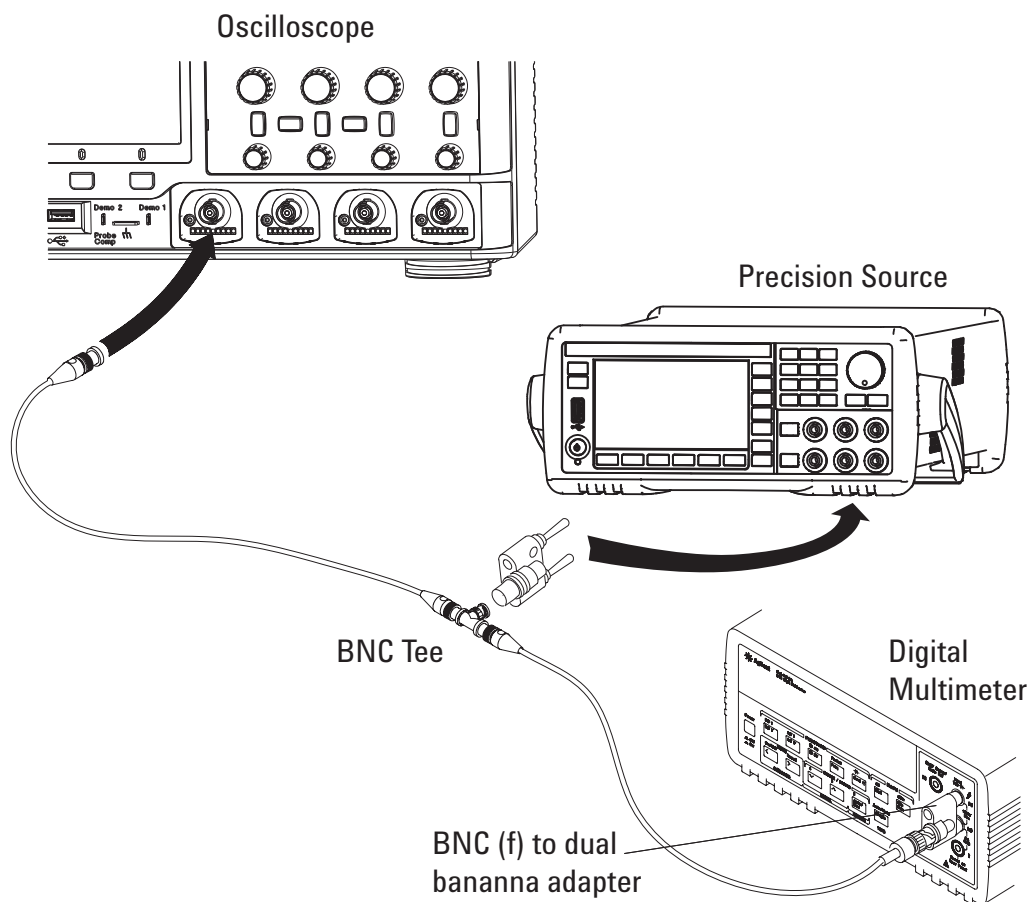


Figure 3 Setting up Equipment for DC Vertical Gain Accuracy Test

- 7** Adjust the output so that the multimeter reading displays the first Volts/div precision source setting value in **Table 8** or **Table 9** (depending on the oscilloscope model).
- 8** Disconnect the multimeter.
- 9** Wait until the measurement settles.
- 10** Read the “current” average voltage value again as V2.
- 11** Calculate the difference $V2 - V1$.

The difference in average voltage readings should be within the test limits of **Table 8** or **Table 9** (depending on the oscilloscope model).

If a result is not within the test limits, go to the “Troubleshooting” chapter. Then return here.

- 12** Disconnect the precision source from the oscilloscope.
- 13** Repeat this procedure to check the DC vertical gain accuracy with the remaining Volts/div setting values in **Table 8** or **Table 9** (depending on the oscilloscope model).
- 14** Finally, repeat this procedure for the remaining channels to be tested.

Use a Blocking Capacitor to Reduce Noise

On the more sensitive ranges, such as 1 mV/div, 2 mV/div, and 5 mV/div, noise may be a factor. To eliminate the noise, add a BNC Tee, blocking capacitor, and shorting cap at the oscilloscope channel input to shunt the noise to ground. See **Figure 4**. If a BNC capacitor is not available, use an SMA blocking capacitor, adapter, and cap. See **“Blocking capacitor** in the equipment list on **page 20** for details.

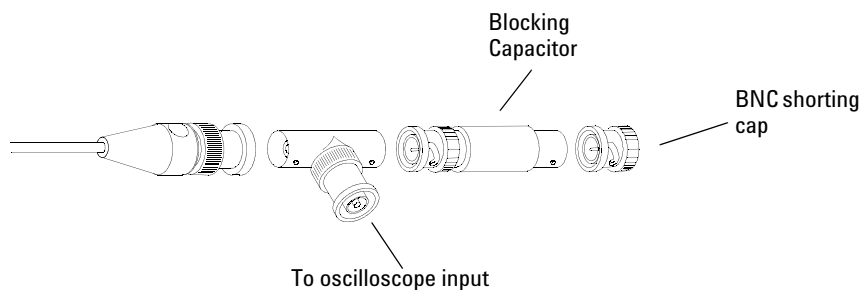


Figure 4 Using a Blocking Capacitor to Reduce Noise

To verify dual cursor accuracy

This test verifies the dual cursor accuracy for each analog channel.

This test is similar to the test for verifying the DC vertical gain, except you will measure the dc voltage output of a precision source using dual cursors on the oscilloscope and compare the results with the multimeter reading.

Dual cursor accuracy test limits: \pm [DC vertical gain accuracy + 0.5% full scale]

For the DC vertical gain accuracy test limits, see [Table 6](#) on page 28.

Table 10 Equipment Required to Verify Dual Cursor Accuracy

Equipment	Critical Specifications	Recommended Model/Part
Precision Source	DC voltage of 7 mV to 35 V, 0.1 mV resolution	Keysight B2912A/B2962A
Digital multimeter	Better than 0.01% accuracy	Keysight 34401A/34461A
50 Ω BNC Cable (qty 2)	BNC - BNC, 48" length	Keysight 8120-1840
Adapter (qty 2)	BNC (f) to banana (m)	Keysight 1251-2277
BNC Tee	BNC tee (m) (f) (f)	Keysight 1250-0781 or Pomona 3285
Shorting cap	BNC	Keysight 1250-0774
Blocking capacitor	Note: if a BNC blocking capacitor is not available use an SMA blocking capacitor.	Keysight 11742A + Pomona 4289 + Pomona 5088


- 1 Press **[Save/Recall] > Default/Erase > Factory Default** to recall the factory default setup.
- 2 If you are testing a 2000 X-Series oscilloscope, set the probe attenuation to 1:1 on the analog channel you are testing (for example, **[1] > Probe > Probe**; then, turn the  Entry knob to select **1.00 : 1**).
- 3 Set up the oscilloscope.
 - a Set the Volts/Div setting to the value in the first line in [Table 11](#) or [Table 12](#) (depending on the oscilloscope model).
 - b Adjust the channel 1 position knob to place the baseline at 0.5 major division from the bottom of the display.

Table 11 Settings Used to Verify Dual Cursor Accuracy, 2000 X-Series Models

Volts/Div Setting	Precision Source Setting	Test Limits		
5 V/Div	35 V	33.6 V	to	36.4 V
2 V/Div	14 V	13.44 V	to	14.56 V
1 V/Div	7 V	6.72 V	to	7.28 V
500 mV/Div	3.5 V	3.36 V	to	3.64 V
200 mV/Div	1.4 V	1.344 V	to	1.456 V
100 mV/Div	700 mV	672 mV	to	728 mV
50 mV/Div	350 mV	336 mV	to	364 mV
20 mV/Div	140 mV	134.4 mV	to	145.6 mV
10 mV/Div	70 mV	67.2 mV	to	72.8 mV
5 mV/Div ¹	35 mV	33.2 mV	to	36.8 mV
2 mV/Div ^{1, 2}	14 mV	12.56 mV	to	15.44 mV
1 mV/Div ^{1, 2}	7 mV	5.56 mV	to	8.44 mV

¹ A blocking capacitor is required at this range to reduce noise. See **"Use a Blocking Capacitor to Reduce Noise"** on page 39.


² Full scale is defined as 32 mV on the 2 mV/div range and the 1 mV/div range. Full scale on all other ranges is defined as 8 divisions times the V/div setting.

Table 12 Settings Used to Verify Dual Cursor Accuracy, 3000 X-Series Models

Volts/Div Setting	Precision Source Setting	Test Limits		
5 V/Div	35 V	34.0 V	to	36.0 V
2 V/Div	14 V	13.6 V	to	14.4 V
1 V/Div	7 V	6.8 V	to	7.2 V
500 mV/Div	3.5 V	3.4 V	to	3.6 V
200 mV/Div	1.4 V	1.36 V	to	1.44 V
100 mV/Div	700 mV	680 mV	to	720 mV
50 mV/Div	350 mV	340 mV	to	360 mV
20 mV/Div	140 mV	136 mV	to	144 mV
10 mV/Div	70 mV	68 mV	to	72 mV
5 mV/Div ¹	35 mV	34 mV	to	36 mV
2 mV/Div ^{1, 2}	14 mV	13.2 mV	to	14.8 mV
1 mV/Div ^{1, 2}	7 mV	6.2 mV	to	7.8 mV

¹ A blocking capacitor is required at this range to reduce noise. See **"Use a Blocking Capacitor to Reduce Noise"** on page 39.

² Full scale is defined as 32 mV on the 2 mV/div range and the 1 mV/div range. Full scale on all other ranges is defined as 8 divisions times the V/div setting.

- c** Press the **[Acquire]** key.
 - d** Then press the **Acq Mode** softkey and select **Averaging**.
 - e** Then press the **#Avgs** softkey and set it to 64.
- Wait a few seconds for the measurement to settle.
- 4** Press the **[Cursors]** key, set the **Mode** softkey to **Normal**, then press the **X Y** softkey and select **Y**. Press the **Y1** softkey, then use the Entry knob (labeled  on the front panel) to set the Y1 cursor on the baseline of the signal.
 - 5** Use the BNC tee and cables to connect the precision source /power supply to both the oscilloscope and the multimeter (see **Figure 5**).

Note: Set the Low Force terminal of the Precision Source to its "Floating" state to prevent offset error caused by ground loop current from the Precision Source ground to the DUT ground.

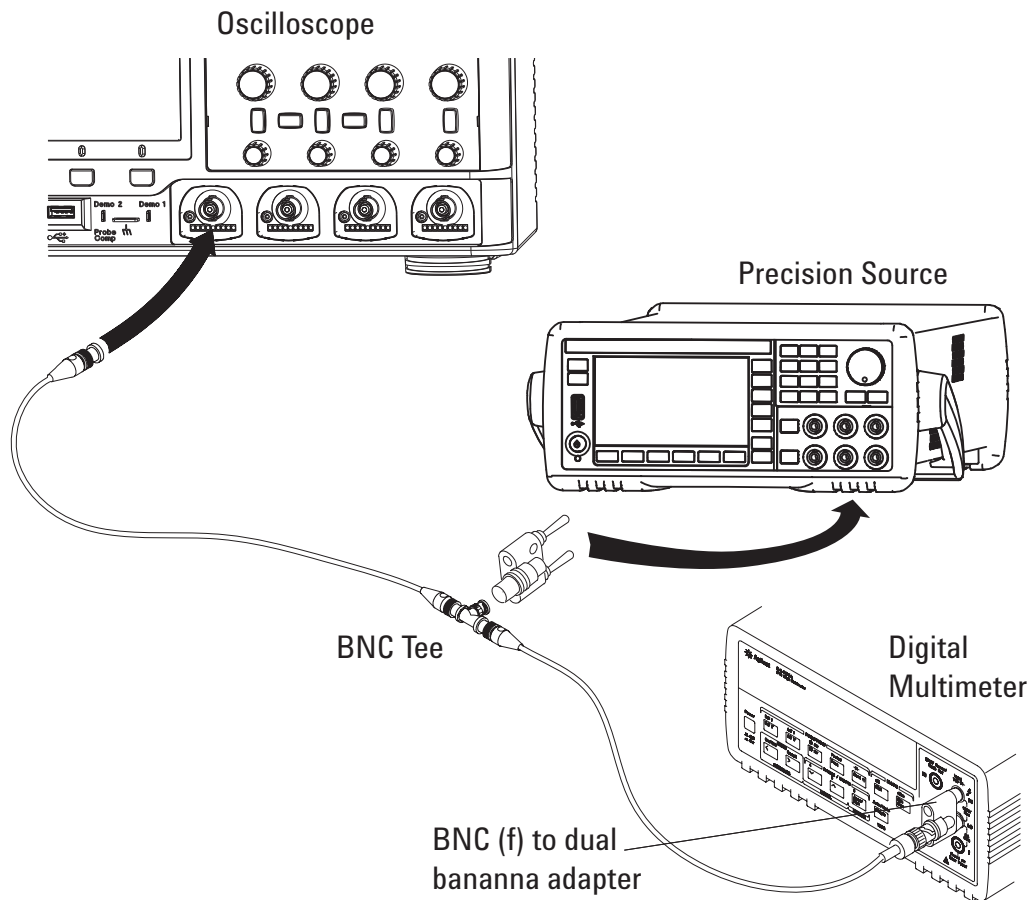


Figure 5 Setting up Equipment for Dual Cursor Accuracy Test

- 6 Adjust the output so that the multimeter reading displays the first Volts/div precision source setting value in [Table 11](#) or [Table 12](#) (depending on the oscilloscope model).
- 7 Disconnect the multimeter.

- 8 Wait until the measurement settles.
- 9 Press the **Y2** softkey, then position the Y2 cursor to the center of the voltage trace using the Entry knob.

The ΔY value on the lower line of the display should be within the test limits of **Table 11** or **Table 12** (depending on the oscilloscope model).

If a result is not within the test limits, go to the “Troubleshooting” chapter. Then return here.

- 10 Disconnect the precision source from the oscilloscope.
- 11 Repeat this procedure to check the dual cursor accuracy with the remaining Volts/div setting values in **Table 11** or **Table 12** (depending on the oscilloscope model).
- 12 Finally, repeat this procedure for the remaining channels to be tested.

Use a Blocking Capacitor to Reduce Noise

On the more sensitive ranges, such as 1 mV/div, 2 mV/div, and 5 mV/div, noise may be a factor. To eliminate the noise, add a BNC Tee, blocking capacitor, and shorting cap at the oscilloscope channel input to shunt the noise to ground. See **Figure 6**. If a BNC capacitor is not available, use an SMA blocking capacitor, adapter, and cap. See “**Blocking capacitor**” in the equipment list on **page 20** for details.

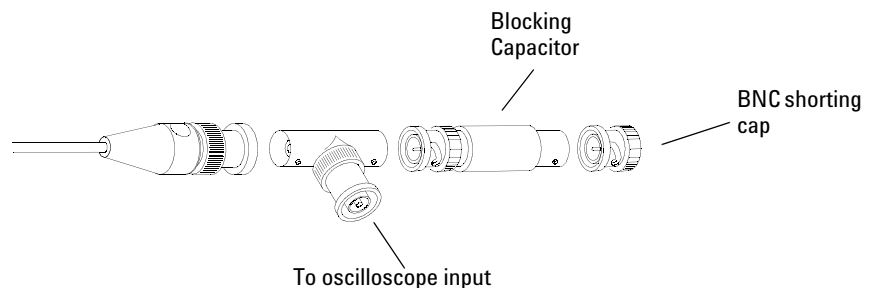


Figure 6 Using a Blocking Capacitor to Reduce Noise

To verify bandwidth (-3 dB)

This test checks the bandwidth (-3 dB) of the oscilloscope. In this test you will use a signal generator and a power meter.

Table 13 Band width (-3 dB) Test Limits

Models	Test Limits
1 GHz Models	All channels (-3 dB), dc to 1 GHz
500 MHz Models	All channels (-3 dB), dc to 500 MHz
350 MHz Models	All channels (-3 dB), dc to 350 MHz
200 MHz Models	All channels (-3 dB), dc to 200 MHz
100 MHz Models	All channels (-3 dB), dc to 100 MHz
70 MHz Models	All channels (-3 dB), dc to 70 MHz

Table 14 Equipment Required to Verify Band width (-3 dB)

Equipment	Critical Specifications	Recommended Model/Part
Signal Generator	100 kHz - 1 GHz at 200 mVrms	Keysight N5171B
Power Meter	1 MHz - 1 GHz $\pm 3\%$ accuracy	Keysight N1914A
Power Sensor	1 MHz - 1 GHz $\pm 3\%$ accuracy	Keysight E9304A or N8482A
Power Splitter	outputs differ by < 0.15 dB	Keysight 11667A
Cable	Type N (m) 24 inch	Keysight 11500B
Adapter	Type N (m) to BNC (m)	Keysight 1250-0082 or Pomona 3288 with Pomona 3533
50 Ohm Feedthrough Termination	50 Ω BNC (f) to BNC (m), when testing 2000 X-Series oscilloscopes	Keysight 0960-0301

- 1 Connect the equipment (see **Figure 7**).
 - a Use the N cable to connect the signal generator to the input of the power splitter.
 - b Connect the power sensor to one output of the power splitter.
 - c Use an N-to-BNC adapter to connect the other splitter output to the channel 1 input.

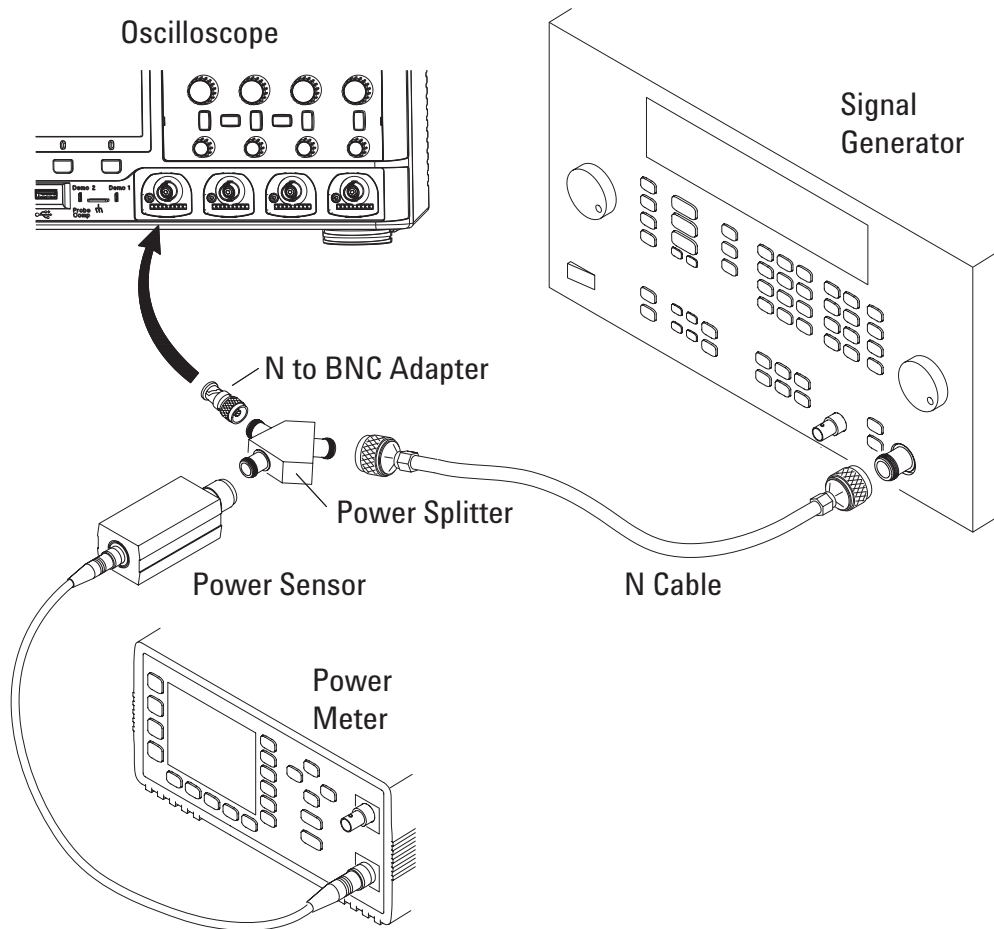


Figure 7 Setting Up Equipment for Band width (-3 dB) Verification Test

2 Set up the power meter.

Set the power meter to display measurements in units of watts.

3 Set up the oscilloscope.

a Press the **[Default Setup]** key.

b Set channel 1 **Coupling** to **DC**.

c With 2000 X-Series oscilloscopes, connect a 50 ohm feedthrough termination.

With 3000 X-Series oscilloscopes, set channel 1 **Imped** to **50 Ohm**.

d Set the time base to 500 ns/div.

e Set the Volts/Div for channel 1 to 200 mV/div.

f Press the **[Acquire]** key, then press the **Averaging** softkey.

g Turn the Entry knob to set **# Avgs** to 8 averages.

4 Set the signal generator for 1 MHz and six divisions of amplitude.

The signal on the oscilloscope screen should be about five cycles at six divisions amplitude.

5 Set up the Amplitude measurement

a Press the **[Meas]** key.

b Press the **Clear Meas** softkey and then the **Clear All** softkey.

c Press the **Type:** softkey and use the Entry knob to select **AC RMS - Full Screen (Std Deviation)** within the select menu.

d Press the **Add Measurement** softkey.

6 Note the oscilloscope AC RMS - FS(1) reading at the bottom of the screen. (This is the RMS value with any dc offset removed.)

7 Note the oscilloscope Std Dev(1) reading at the bottom of the screen. (This will be used in later calculations.)

8 Set the power meter Cal Factor % to the 1 MHz value on the calibration chart on the power sensor.

9 Note the reading on the power meter and covert to Vrms using the expression:

$$V_{in_{1MHz}} = \sqrt{P_{meas_{1MHz}} \times 50\Omega}$$

For example, if the power meter reading is 892 uW, then $V_{in_{1MHz}} = (892 \times 10^{-6} \times 50\Omega)^{1/2} = 211.2 \text{ mV}_{rms}$.

10 Change the signal generator output frequency according to the maximum frequency for the oscilloscope using the following:

- 1 GHz Models: 1 GHz
- 500 MHz Models: 500 MHz
- 350 MHz Models: 350 MHz
- 200 MHz Models: 200 MHz
- 100 MHz Models: 100 MHz
- 70 MHz Models: 70 MHz

11 Referencing the frequency from step 9, set the power meter Cal Factor % to the frequency value on the calibration chart on the power sensor.

12 Set the oscilloscope sweep speed according to the following:

- 1 GHz Models: 500 ps/div
- 500 MHz Models: 1 ns/div
- 350 MHz Models: 2 ns/div
- 200 MHz Models: 2 ns/div
- 100 MHz Models: 5 ns/div
- 70 MHz Models: 5 ns/div

13 Note the oscilloscope Std Dev(1) reading at the bottom of the screen.

14 Note the reading on the power meter and covert to V_{rms} using the expression:

$$V_{in_{maxfreq}} = \sqrt{P_{meas_{maxfreq}} \times 50\Omega}$$

15 Calculate the response using the expression:

$$\text{response(dB)} = 20 \log_{10} \left[\frac{V_{out_{max freq}} / V_{in_{max freq}}}{V_{out_{1MHz}} / V_{in_{1MHz}}} \right]$$

Example

If:

$$P_{meas_{1MHz}} = 892 \text{ uW}$$

$$\text{Std Dev}(n)_{1MHz} = 210.4 \text{ mV}$$

$$P_{meas_{max_freq}} = 687 \text{ uW}$$

$$\text{Std Dev}(n)_{max freq} = 161.6 \text{ mV}$$

Then after converting the values from the power meter to Vrms:

$$\text{response(dB)} = 20 \log_{10} \left[\frac{161.6 \text{ mV} / 185.3 \text{ mV}}{210.4 \text{ mV} / 211.2 \text{ mV}} \right] = -1.16 \text{ dB}$$

- 16** The result from step 14 should be between +3.0 dB and -3.0 dB. Record the result in the Performance Test Record (see [page 53](#)).
- 17** Move the power splitter from the channel 1 to the channel 2 input.
- 18** Turn off the current channel and turn on the next channel using the channel keys.
- 19** Repeat steps 3 through 17 for the remaining channels, setting the parameters of the channel being tested where appropriate.

To verify time base accuracy

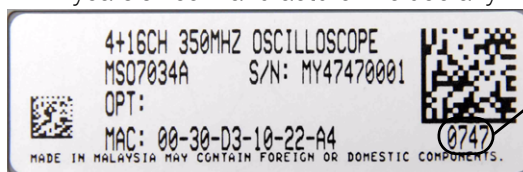
This test verifies the accuracy of the time base. In this test you will measure the absolute error of the time base oscillator and compare the results to the specification.

Table 15 Equipment Required to Verify Time Base Accuracy

Equipment	Critical Specifications	Recommended Model/Part
Signal Generator	100 kHz - 1 GHz, 0.01 Hz frequency resolution, jitter: < 2ps	Keysight N5171B
50 Ω BNC Cable	BNC - BNC, 48" length	Keysight 8120-1840
50 Ohm Feedthrough Termination	50 Ω BNC (f) to BNC (m), when testing 2000 X-Series oscilloscopes	Keysight 0960-0301

- 1 Set up the signal generator.
 - a Set the output to 10 MHz, approximately 1 V_{pp} sine wave.
- 2 Connect the output of the signal generator to oscilloscope channel 1 using the BNC cable. When testing 2000 X-Series oscilloscopes, also connect a 50 ohm feedthrough termination between the channel 1 input and the BNC cable.
- 3 Set up the oscilloscope:
 - a Press [AutoScale].
 - b Set the oscilloscope Channel 1 vertical sensitivity to 200 mv/div.
 - c Set the oscilloscope horizontal sweep speed control to 5 ns/div.
 - d Adjust the intensity to get a sharp, clear trace.
 - e Adjust the oscilloscope's trigger level so that the rising edge of the waveform at the center of the screen is located where the center horizontal and vertical grid lines cross (center screen).
 - f Ensure the horizontal position control is set to 0.0 seconds.

- 4 Make the measurement.
 - a Set oscilloscope horizontal sweep speed control to 1 ms/div.
 - b Set horizontal position control to +1 ms (rotate control CCW).
 - c Set the oscilloscope horizontal sweep speed control to 5 ns/div.
 - d Record the number of nanoseconds from where the rising edge crosses the center horizontal grid line to the center vertical grid line. The number of nanoseconds is equivalent to the time base error in ppm.
 - e Use the date code on the oscilloscope's serial tag to calculate the number of years since manufacture. Include any fractional portion of a year.



Date Code:

0747

07 = Year

47 = Week

- f Use the following formula to calculate the test limits.
Time base accuracy limit: $\pm 25 \text{ ppm} \pm 5 \text{ ppm per year (aging)}$
- g Record the result and compare it to the limits in the Performance Test Record (see [page 53](#)).

To verify trigger sensitivity

This test verifies the trigger sensitivity. In this test, you will apply a sine wave to the oscilloscope at the upper bandwidth limit. You will then decrease the amplitude of the signal to the specified levels, and check to see if the oscilloscope is still triggered.

Test limits for:

- Internal trigger sensitivity on all models:
 - < 10 mV/div: greater of 1 div or 5 mV_{pp}
 - >= 10 mV/div: 0.6 div
- External trigger sensitivity on all models:
 - DC to 100 MHz: < 200 mV_{pp}
 - 100 MHz - 200 MHz: < 350 mV_{pp}

Table 16 Equipment Required to Verify Trigger Sensitivity

Equipment	Critical Specifications	Recommended Model/Part
Signal Generator	25 MHz, 100 MHz, 350 MHz, 500 MHz, and 1 GHz sine waves	Keysight N5171B
Power splitter	Outputs differ < 0.15 dB	Keysight 11667A
Power Meter		Keysight N1914A
Power Sensor		Keysight E9304A or N8482A
Cable	Type N (m) 24 inch	Keysight 11500B
Adapter	Type N (m) to BNC (m)	Keysight 1250-0082 or Pomona 3288 with Pomona 3533
50 Ohm Feedthrough Termination	50Ω BNC (f) to BNC (m)	Keysight 0960-0301

Test Internal Trigger Sensitivity (all models)

- 1 On the oscilloscope, press the **[Default Setup]** key.
- 2 Press the **[Mode/Coupling]** key; then, press the **Mode** softkey to select **Normal**.
- 3 Connect the equipment (see **Figure 8**).
 - a Connect the signal generator output to the oscilloscope channel 1 input.

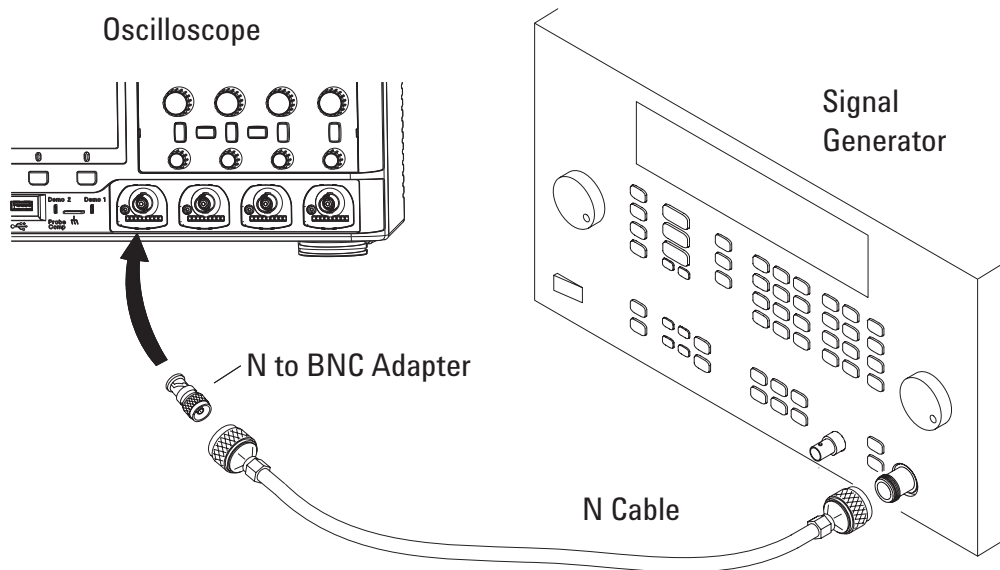


Figure 8 Setting Up Equipment for Internal Trigger Sensitivity Test

- b With 2000 X-Series oscilloscopes, connect a 50 ohm feedthrough termination between the channel 1 input and the BNC cable.
 - With 3000 X-Series oscilloscopes, set channel 1 **Imped** to **50 Ohm**.
- 4 To verify the trigger sensitivity at the oscilloscope's maximum bandwidth, set the output frequency of the signal generator to the maximum bandwidth of the oscilloscope:
 - 1 GHz models: 1 GHz.
 - 500 MHz models: 500 MHz.
 - 350 MHz models: 350 MHz.

- 200 MHz models: 200 MHz.
- 100 MHz models: 100 MHz.
- 70 MHz models: 70 MHz.

5 Perform these steps to test at the 5 mV/div setting:

- a** Set the signal generator amplitude to about 10 mV_{pp}.
- b** Press the **[AutoScale]** key.
- c** Set the time base to 10 ns/div.
- d** Set channel 1 to 5 mV/div.
- e** Decrease the amplitude from the signal generator until 1 vertical division of the signal (about 5 mV_{pp}) is displayed.

The trigger is stable when the displayed waveform is stable. If the trigger is not stable, try adjusting the trigger level. If adjusting the trigger level makes the trigger stable, the test still passes. If adjusting the trigger does not help, see the “Troubleshooting” chapter. Then return here.

- f** Record the result as Pass or Fail in the Performance Test Record (see [page 53](#)).
- g** Repeat this step for the remaining oscilloscope channels.

6 Perform these steps to test at the 10 mV/div setting:

- a** Set the signal generator amplitude to about 20 mV_{pp}.
- b** Press the **[AutoScale]** key.
- c** Set the time base to 10 ns/div.
- d** Set channel 1 to 10 mV/div.
- e** Decrease the amplitude from the signal generator until 0.6 vertical divisions of the signal (about 6 mV_{pp}) is displayed.

The trigger is stable when the displayed waveform is stable. If the trigger is not stable, try adjusting the trigger level. If adjusting the trigger level makes the trigger stable, the test still passes. If adjusting the trigger does not help, see the “Troubleshooting” chapter. Then return here.

- f** Record the result as Pass or Fail in the Performance Test Record (see [page 53](#)).
- g** Repeat this step for the remaining oscilloscope channels.

Test External Trigger Sensitivity

This test applies to all models.

Verify the external trigger sensitivity at these settings:

- 100 MHz, 200 mV_{pp}
- 200 MHz, 350 mV_{pp}

- 1** Connect the equipment (see **Figure 9**).
 - a** Use the N cable to connect the signal generator to the power splitter input.
 - b** Connect one output of the power splitter to the Aux Trig input through a 50 Ω feedthrough termination.
 - c** Connect the power sensor to the other output of the power splitter.

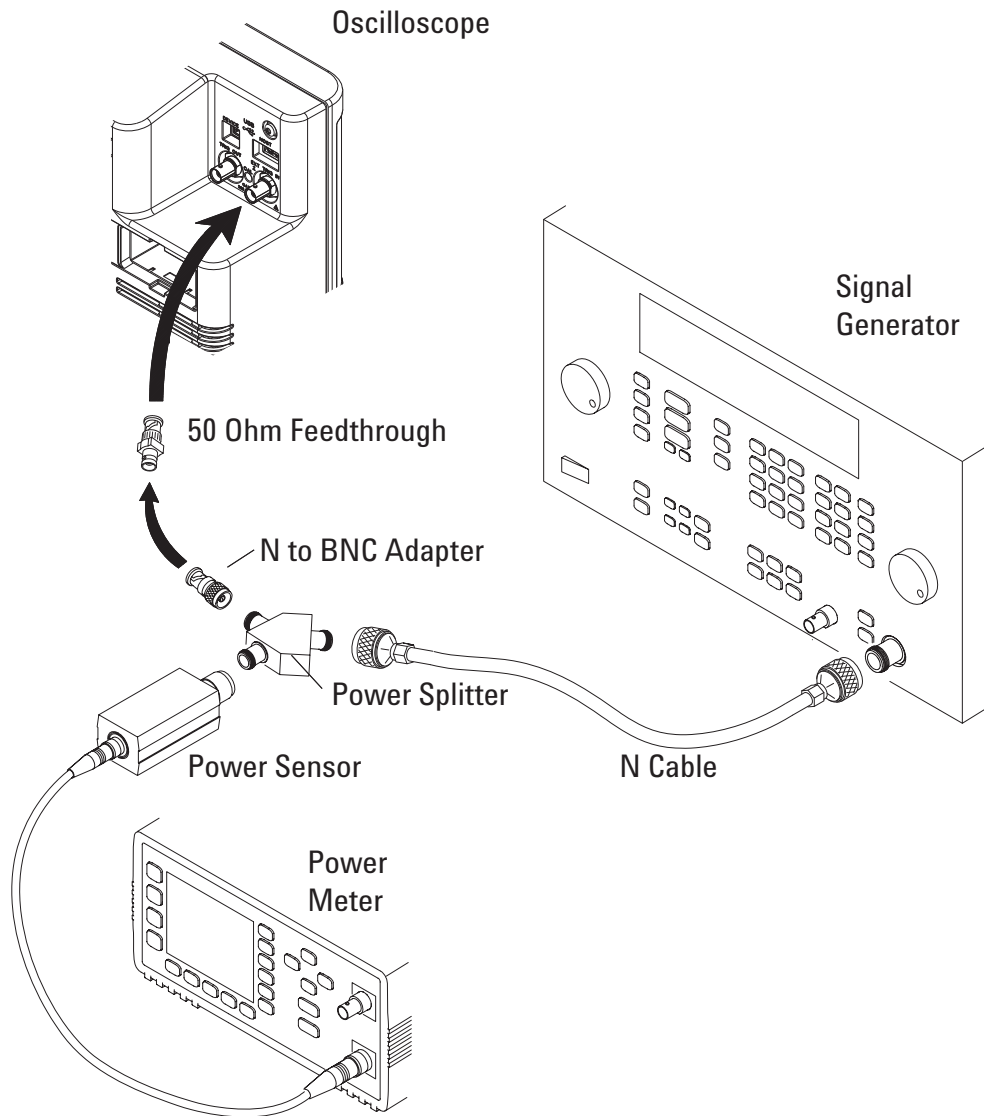


Figure 9 Setting Up Equipment for 4-Channel External Trigger Sensitivity Test

- 2 Set up the oscilloscope.
 - a Press the **[Default Setup]** key.
 - b Press the **[Mode/Coupling]** key; then, press the **Mode** softkey to select **Normal**.
- 3 Change the signal generator output frequency to 100 MHz or 200 MHz.
- 4 Set the power meter Cal Factor % to the appropriate value (100 MHz or 200 MHz) on the calibration chart on the power sensor. If necessary, do a linear interpolation if a 100 MHz or 200 MHz factor is not included in the power meter's calibration chart.
- 5 Adjust the signal generator output for reading on the power meter of:

Signal Generator Frequency	Calculation	Power Meter Reading
100 MHz	$200 \text{ mV}_{pp} = 70.71 \text{ mV rms, Power} = V_{in}^2/50\Omega = 70.71 \text{ mV}^2/50\Omega$	100 μW
200 MHz	$350 \text{ mV}_{pp} = 123.74 \text{ mV rms, Power} = V_{in}^2/50\Omega = 123.74 \text{ mV}^2/50\Omega$	306 μW

- 6 Press the **[Trigger]** key, then press the **Source** softkey to set the trigger source to **External**.
- 7 Check for stable triggering and adjust the trigger level if necessary. Triggering is indicated by the **Trig'd** indicator at the top of the display. When it is flashing, the oscilloscope is not triggered. When it is not flashing, the oscilloscope is triggered.
- 8 Record the results as Pass or Fail in the Performance Test Record (see [page 53](#)).

If the test fails, see the “Troubleshooting” chapter. Then return here.

Keysight 2000 X-Series Oscilloscopes Performance Test Record

Serial No. _____		Test by _____	
Test Interval _____		Work Order No. _____	
Recommended Next Testing _____		Temperature _____	

Threshold	Specification	Limits	Ch D7-D0
Accuracy Test	5 V - 250 mV	4.750 V	_____
(100 mV + 3% of threshold setting)	5 V + 250 mV	5.250 V	_____
	-5 V - 250 mV	-5.250 V	_____
	-5 V + 250 mV	-4.750 V	_____
	0 V - 100 mV	-100 mV	_____
	0 V + 100 mV	100 mV	_____

DC Vertical Gain Accuracy				Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 3*	Channel 4*
Range	Power Supply Setting	Test Limits					
5 V/Div	35 V	33.8 V to 36.2 V	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
2 V/Div	14 V	13.52 V to 14.48 V	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
1 V/Div	7 V	6.76 V to 7.24 V	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
500 mV/Div	3.5 V	3.38 V to 3.62 V	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
200 mV/Div	1.4 V	1.352 V to 1.448 V	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
100 mV/Div	700 mV	676 mV to 724 mV	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
50 mV/Div	350 mV	338 mV to 362 mV	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
20 mV/Div	140 mV	135.2 mV to 144.8 mV	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
10 mV/Div	70 mV	67.6 mV to 72.4 mV	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
5 mV/Div	35 mV	33.4 mV to 36.6 mV	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
2 mV/Div	14 mV	12.72 mV to 15.28 mV	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
1 mV/Div	7 mV	5.72 mV to 8.28 mV	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

Continued on next page.

Dual Cursor Accuracy						
Range	Power Supply Setting	Test Limits	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 3*	Channel 4*
5 V/Div	35 V	33.6 V to 36.4 V	_____	_____	_____	_____
2 V/Div	14 V	13.44 V to 14.56 V	_____	_____	_____	_____
1 V/Div	7 V	6.72 V to 7.28 V	_____	_____	_____	_____
500 mV/Div	3.5 V	3.36 V to 3.64 V	_____	_____	_____	_____
200 mV/Div	1.4 V	1.344 V to 1.456 V	_____	_____	_____	_____
100 mV/Div	700 mV	672 mV to 728 mV	_____	_____	_____	_____
50 mV/Div	350 mV	336 mV to 364 mV	_____	_____	_____	_____
20 mV/Div	140 mV	134.4 mV to 145.6 mV	_____	_____	_____	_____
10 mV/Div	70 mV	67.2 mV to 72.8 mV	_____	_____	_____	_____
5 mV/Div	35 mV	33.2 mV to 36.8 mV	_____	_____	_____	_____
2 mV/Div	14 mV	12.56 mV to 15.44 mV	_____	_____	_____	_____
1 mV/Div	7 mV	5.56 mV to 8.44 mV	_____	_____	_____	_____
Band width (-3 dB)	Model	Test Limits	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 3*	Channel 4*
	202x	-3 dB at 200 MHz	_____	_____	_____	_____
	201x	-3 dB at 100 MHz	_____	_____	_____	_____
	200x	-3 dB at 70 MHz	_____	_____	_____	_____
Time Base Accuracy	Limits	Calculated time base accuracy limit (ppm)	Measured time base error (ppm)	Pass/Fail		
	Time Base Accuracy Limit: ±25 ppm ±5 ppm per year (aging)	_____	_____	_____		
Internal Trigger Sensitivity						
	Generator Setting	Test Limits	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 3*	Channel 4*
200 MHz models:	200 MHz	< 10 mV/div: greater of 1 div or 5 mVpp >= 10 mV/div: 0.6 div	_____	_____	_____	_____
100 MHz models:	100 MHz		_____	_____	_____	_____
70 MHz models:	70 MHz		_____	_____	_____	_____
External Trigger Sensitivity						
	Generator Setting	Test Limits	Ext Trig In			
	200 MHz	350 mV	_____			
	100 MHz	200 mV	_____			
* Where applicable						

Keysight 3000 X-Series Oscilloscopes Performance Test Record

Serial No. _____			Test by _____			
Test Interval _____			Work Order No. _____			
Recommended Next Testing _____			Temperature _____			
Threshold	Specification	Limits	Ch D7-D0	Ch D15-D8		
Accuracy Test	5 V - 250 mV	4.750 V	_____	_____		
(100 mV + 3% of threshold setting)	5 V + 250 mV	5.250 V	_____	_____		
	-5 V - 250 mV	-5.250 V	_____	_____		
	-5 V + 250 mV	-4.750 V	_____	_____		
	0 V - 100 mV	-100 mV	_____	_____		
	0 V + 100 mV	100 mV	_____	_____		
DC Vertical Gain Accuracy						
Range	Power Supply Setting	Test Limits	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 3*	Channel 4*
5 V/Div	35 V	34.2 V to 35.8 V	_____	_____	_____	_____
2 V/Div	14 V	13.68 V to 14.32 V	_____	_____	_____	_____
1 V/Div	7 V	6.84 V to 7.16 V	_____	_____	_____	_____
500 mV/Div	3.5 V	3.42 V to 3.58 V	_____	_____	_____	_____
200 mV/Div	1.4 V	1.368 V to 1.432 V	_____	_____	_____	_____
100 mV/Div	700 mV	684 mV to 716 mV	_____	_____	_____	_____
50 mV/Div	350 mV	342 mV to 358 mV	_____	_____	_____	_____
20 mV/Div	140 mV	136.8 mV to 143.2 mV	_____	_____	_____	_____
10 mV/Div	70 mV	68.4 mV to 71.6 mV	_____	_____	_____	_____
5 mV/Div	35 mV	34.2 mV to 35.8 mV	_____	_____	_____	_____
2 mV/Div	14 mV	13.36 mV to 14.64 mV	_____	_____	_____	_____
1 mV/Div	7 mV	6.36 mV to 7.64 mV	_____	_____	_____	_____

Continued on next page.

Dual Cursor Accuracy						
Range	Power Supply Setting	Test Limits	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 3*	Channel 4*
5 V/Div	35 V	34.0 V to 36.0 V	_____	_____	_____	_____
2 V/Div	14 V	13.6 V to 14.4 V	_____	_____	_____	_____
1 V/Div	7 V	6.8 V to 7.2 V	_____	_____	_____	_____
500 mV/Div	3.5 V	3.4 V to 3.6 V	_____	_____	_____	_____
200 mV/Div	1.4 V	1.36 V to 1.44 V	_____	_____	_____	_____
100 mV/Div	700 mV	680 mV to 720 mV	_____	_____	_____	_____
50 mV/Div	350 mV	340 mV to 360 mV	_____	_____	_____	_____
20 mV/Div	140 mV	136 mV to 144 mV	_____	_____	_____	_____
10 mV/Div	70 mV	68 mV to 72 mV	_____	_____	_____	_____
5 mV/Div	35 mV	34 mV to 36 mV	_____	_____	_____	_____
2 mV/Div	14 mV	13.2 mV to 14.8 mV	_____	_____	_____	_____
1 mV/Div	7 mV	6.2 mV to 7.8 mV	_____	_____	_____	_____
Band width (-3 dB)	Model	Test Limits	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 3*	Channel 4*
	310x	-3 dB at 1 GHz	_____	_____	_____	_____
	305x	-3 dB at 500 MHz	_____	_____	_____	_____
	303x	-3 dB at 350 MHz	_____	_____	_____	_____
	302x	-3 dB at 200 MHz	_____	_____	_____	_____
	301x	-3 dB at 100 MHz	_____	_____	_____	_____
Time Base Accuracy	Limits	Calculated time base accuracy limit (ppm)	Measured time base error (ppm)	Pass/Fail		
	Time Base Accuracy Limit: ±25 ppm ±5 ppm per year (aging)	_____	_____	_____		
Internal Trigger Sensitivity						
	Generator Setting	Test Limits	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 3*	Channel 4*
1 GHz models:	1 GHz	< 10 mV/div: greater of 1 div or 5 mVpp	_____	_____	_____	_____
500 MHz models:	350 MHz		_____	_____	_____	_____
350 MHz models:	200 MHz	≥ 10 mV/div: 0.6 div	_____	_____	_____	_____
200 MHz models:	100 MHz		_____	_____	_____	_____
100 MHz models:			_____	_____	_____	_____
External Trigger Sensitivity						
	Generator Setting	Test Limits	Ext Trig In			
	200 MHz	350 mV	_____			
	100 MHz	200 mV	_____			
* Where applicable						

3 Calibrating and Adjusting

This chapter explains how to adjust the oscilloscope for optimum operating performance.

User Calibration

Perform user-calibration:

- Every two years or after 4000 hours of operation.
- If the ambient temperature is $>10^{\circ}\text{C}$ from the calibration temperature.
- If you want to maximize the measurement accuracy.

The amount of use, environmental conditions, and experience with other instruments help determine if you need shorter User Cal intervals.

User Cal performs an internal self-alignment routine to optimize the signal path in the oscilloscope. The routine uses internally generated signals to optimize circuits that affect channel sensitivity, offset, and trigger parameters. Disconnect all inputs and allow the oscilloscope to warm up before performing this procedure.

Performing User Cal will invalidate your Certificate of Calibration. If NIST (National Institute of Standards and Technology) traceability is required perform the procedures in **Chapter 2** in this book using traceable sources.

To perform User Cal

- 1** Disconnect all inputs from the front and rear panels, including the digital channels cable on an MSO, and allow the oscilloscope to warm up before performing this procedure.

Before you start the adjustments, let the oscilloscope and test equipment warm up for at least 30 minutes.

- 2** Press the rear-panel CAL button to disable calibration protection.
- 3** Connect short (12 inch maximum) equal length cables to each analog channel's BNC connector on the front of the oscilloscope. You will need two equal-length cables for a 2-channel oscilloscope or four equal-length cables for a 4-channel oscilloscope.

Use 50 Ω RG58AU or equivalent BNC cables when performing User Cal.

- a** For a 2-channel oscilloscope, connect a BNC tee to the equal length cables. Then connect a BNC(f)-to-BNC(f) (also called a barrel connector) to the tee as shown below.

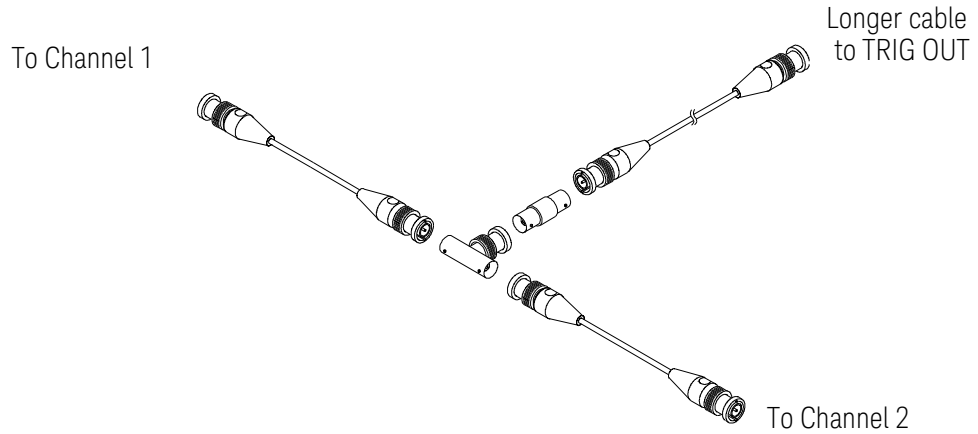


Figure 10 User Calibration cable for 2-channel oscilloscope

- b** For a 4-channel oscilloscope, connect BNC tees to the equal-length cables as shown below. Then connect a BNC(f)-to-BNC(f) (barrel connector) to the tee as shown below.

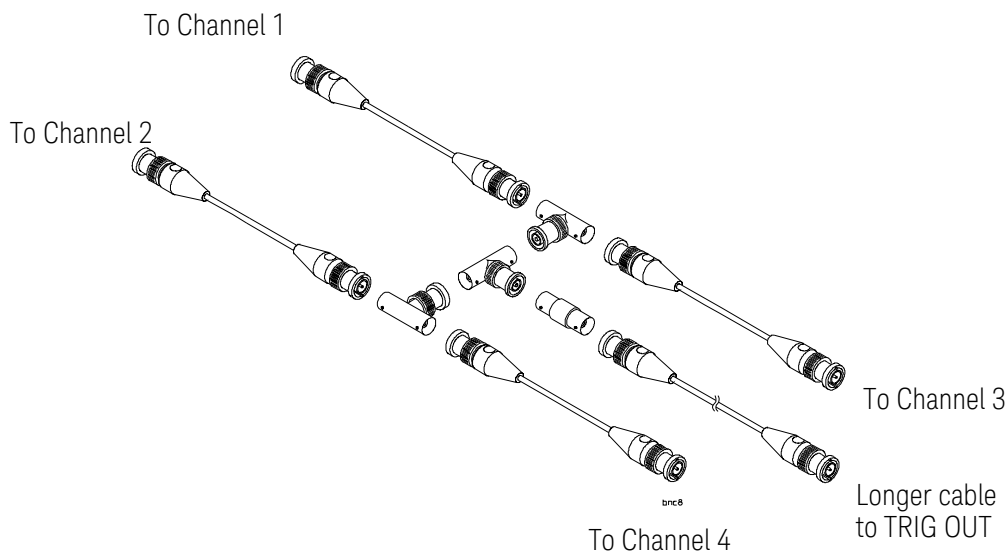


Figure 11 User Calibration cable for 4-channel oscilloscope

- 4** Connect a BNC cable (40 inches maximum) from the TRIG OUT connector on the rear panel to the BNC barrel connector.
- 5** Press the **[Utility]** key; then, press the **Service** softkey.
- 6** Begin the Self Cal by pressing the **Start User Cal** softkey.

User Cal Status

Pressing the **User Cal Status** softkey displays the following summary results of the previous User Cal, and the status of probe calibrations for probes that can be calibrated. Note that AutoProbes do not need to be calibrated, but InfiniiMax probes can be calibrated.

Results:

User Cal date:

Change in temperature since last User Cal:

Failure:

Comments:

Probe Cal Status:

4 Troubleshooting

Solving General Problems with the Oscilloscope / 64
Verifying Basic Operation / 66

Read All Cautions and Warnings

Before you begin any troubleshooting, read all Warning and Cautions in the “Troubleshooting” section.

This chapter begins with **“Solving General Problems with the Oscilloscope”**. It tells you what to do in these cases:

- **If there is no display.**
- **If there is no trace display.**
- **If the trace display is unusual or unexpected.**
- **If you cannot see a channel.**

Next, this chapter describes procedures for **“Verifying Basic Operation”** of the oscilloscope:

- **To power-on the oscilloscope.**
- **To perform hardware self test.**
- **To perform front panel self test.**
- **To verify default setup.**
- **To perform an Auto Scale on the Probe Comp signal.**
- **To compensate passive probes.**

The service policy for all 2000/3000 X-Series oscilloscopes is now unit replacement, so there are no longer internal assembly troubleshooting instructions in this service guide.

Solving General Problems with the Oscilloscope

This section describes how to solve general problems that you may encounter while using the Keysight 2000/3000 X-Series oscilloscopes.

After troubleshooting the oscilloscope, if you need to replace parts, refer to **Chapter 6**, “Replaceable Parts,” starting on page 73.

If there is no display

- ✓ Check that the power cord is firmly seated in the oscilloscope power receptacle.
- ✓ Check that the power source is live.
- ✓ Check that the front-panel power switch is on.
- ✓ If there is still no display, go to the troubleshooting procedures in this chapter.

If there is no trace display

- ✓ Check that the Intensity (on the front panel) is adjusted correctly.
- ✓ Recall the default setup by pressing **[Default Setup]**. This will ensure that the trigger mode is Auto.
- ✓ Check that the probe clips are securely connected to points in the circuit under test, and that the ground is connected.
- ✓ Check that the circuit under test is powered on.
- ✓ Press the **[AutoScale]** key.
- ✓ Obtain service from Keysight Technologies, if necessary.

If the trace display is unusual or unexpected

- ✓ Check that the Horizontal time/division setting is correct for the expected frequency range of the input signals.
- ✓ The sampling speed of the oscilloscope depends on the time/division setting. It may be that when time/division is set to slower speeds, the oscilloscope is sampling too slowly to capture all of the transitions on the waveform. Use peak detect mode.

- ✓ Check that all oscilloscope probes are connected to the correct signals in the circuit under test.
- ✓ Ensure that the probe's ground lead is securely connected to a ground point in the circuit under test. For high-speed measurements, each probe's individual ground lead should also be connected to a ground point closest to the signal point in the circuit under test.
- ✓ Check that the trigger setup is correct.
- ✓ A correct trigger setup is the most important factor in helping you capture the data you desire. See the *User's Guide* for information about triggering.
- ✓ Check that persistence in the Display menu is turned off, then press the **Clear Display** softkey.
- ✓ Press the **[Auto Scale]** key.

If you cannot see a channel

- ✓ Recall the default setup by pressing **[Default Setup]**. This will ensure that the trigger mode is Auto.
- ✓ Check that the oscilloscope probe's BNC connector is securely attached to the oscilloscope's input connector.
- ✓ Check that the probe clips are securely connected to points in the circuit under test.
- ✓ Check that the circuit under test is powered on.

You may have pressed the **[Auto Scale]** key before an input signal was available.

Performing the checks listed here ensures that the signals from the circuit under test will be seen by the oscilloscope. Perform the remaining checks in this topic to make sure the oscilloscope channels are on, and to obtain an automatic setup.

- ✓ Check that the desired oscilloscope channels are turned on.
 - a Press the analog channel key until it is illuminated.
 - b On models with the MSO option, press the digital channels **[Digital]** key until it is illuminated.
- ✓ Press the **[Auto Scale]** key to automatically set up all channels.

Verifying Basic Operation

To power-on the oscilloscope

- 1 Connect the power cord to the rear of the oscilloscope, then to a suitable ac voltage source.

The oscilloscope power supply automatically adjusts for input line voltages in the range of 100 to 240 VAC. Ensure that you have the correct line cord (see [page 73](#)). The power cord provided is matched to the country of origin.

WARNING

AVOID INJURY.

Always operate the oscilloscope with an approved three conductor power cable. Do not negate the protective action of the three conductor power cable.

-
- Press the power switch.
 - When the oscilloscope is turned on, the front panel LEDs will briefly light up in groups from bottom to top.
 - Next the Keysight logo appears on the display.
 - Next a message will appear with tips on getting started using the oscilloscope. At this time you can press any key to remove the message and view the display. Or you can wait and the message will automatically disappear.
 - It will take a total of about 20–30 seconds for the oscilloscope to go through its basic self test and power-up routine.
 - 2 Proceed to **“To perform hardware self test”** on page 66.

To perform hardware self test

Pressing **[Utility] > Service > Hardware Self Test** performs a series of internal procedures to verify that the oscilloscope is operating properly.

It is recommended you run Hardware Self Test:

- After experiencing abnormal operation.
- For additional information to better describe an oscilloscope failure.
- To verify proper operation after the oscilloscope has been repaired.

Successfully passing Hardware Self Test does not guarantee 100% of the oscilloscope's functionality. Hardware Self Test is designed to provide an 80% confidence level that the oscilloscope is operating properly.

To perform front panel self test

Pressing **[Utility] > Service > Front Panel Self Test** lets you test the front panel keys and knobs as well as the oscilloscope display.

Follow the on-screen instructions.

Failures in the front panel self test indicate problems with the keyboard, keypad, or display.

To verify default setup

The oscilloscope is designed to turn on with the setup from the last turn on or previous setup.

To recall the default setup:

- 1 Press the **[Default Setup]** key.

This returns the oscilloscope to its default settings and places the oscilloscope in a known operating condition. The major default settings are:

- **Horizontal:**
 - main mode.
 - 100 us/div scale.
 - 0 s delay.
 - center time reference.
- **Vertical:**
 - Channel 1 on.
 - 5 V/div scale.
 - dc coupling.
 - 0 V position.
 - probe factor to 1.0 if an AutoProbe probe is not connected to the channel.
- **Trigger:**
 - Edge trigger.
 - Auto sweep mode.

- 0 V level.
- channel 1 source.
- dc coupling.
- rising edge slope.
- 40 ns holdoff time.
- **Display:**
 - 20% grid intensity.
 - persistence off.
- **Other:**
 - Acquire mode normal.
 - Run/Stop to Run.
 - cursor measurements off.

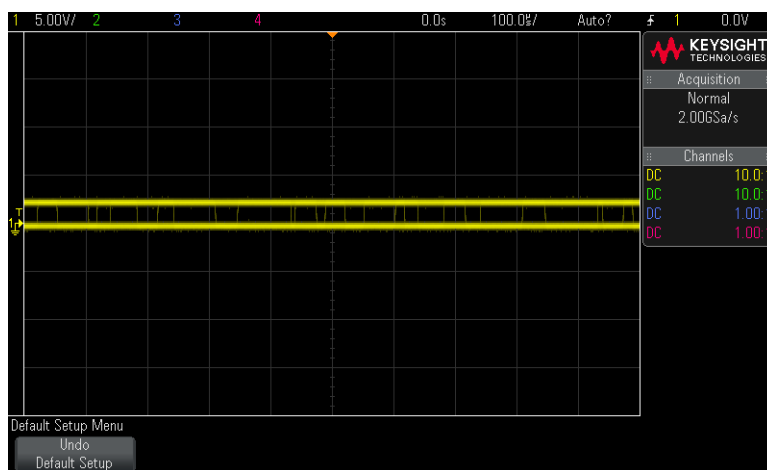


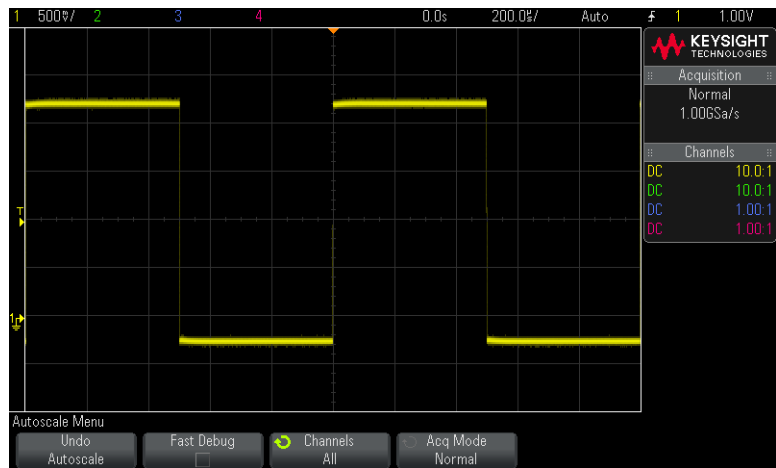
Figure 12 Default setup screen

- 2 If your screen looks substantially different, replace the system board.

To perform an Auto Scale on the Probe Comp signal

- 1 Press the **[Default Setup]** key. The oscilloscope is now configured to its default settings.

- 2 Connect an oscilloscope probe from channel 1 to the **Probe Comp** signal terminal on the front panel.
- 3 Connect the probe's ground lead to the ground terminal that is next to the **Demo 2** (Probe Comp) terminal.
- 4 Press **[AutoScale]**.
- 5 You should see a waveform on the oscilloscope's display similar to this:



If you see the waveform, but the square wave is not shaped correctly as shown above, perform the procedure **"To compensate passive probes"** on page 69.

If you do not see the waveform, ensure your power source is adequate, the oscilloscope is properly powered-on, and the probe is connected securely to the front-panel analog channel input BNC and to the Demo 2 (Probe Comp) terminal.

- 6 If you still do not see the waveform, use the troubleshooting flowchart in this chapter to isolate the problem.

To compensate passive probes

You should compensate your passive probes to match their characteristics to the oscilloscope's channels. A poorly compensated probe can introduce measurement errors.

- 1 Perform the procedure **"To perform an Auto Scale on the Probe Comp signal"** on page 68
- 2 Press the channel key to which the probe is connected ([1], [2], etc.).
- 3 In the Channel Menu, press **Probe**.
- 4 In the Channel Probe Menu, press **Probe Check**; then, follow the instructions on-screen.

If necessary, use a nonmetallic tool (supplied with the probe) to adjust the trimmer capacitor on the probe for the flattest pulse possible.

On the N2862/63/90 probes, the trimmer capacitor is the yellow adjustment on the probe tip. On other probes, the trimmer capacitor is located on the probe BNC connector.

Perfectly compensated



Over compensated



Under compensated



comp.cdr

Figure 13 Example pulses

- 5 Connect probes to all other oscilloscope channels (channel 2 of a 2-channel oscilloscope, or channels 2, 3, and 4 of a 4-channel oscilloscope).
- 6 Repeat the procedure for each channel.

The process of compensating the probes serves as a basic test to verify that the oscilloscope is functional.

5 Replacing Assemblies

The service policy for all 2000/3000 X-Series oscilloscopes is now unit replacement, so there are no longer instructions for replacing internal assemblies in this service guide.

WARNING

No operator serviceable parts inside. Refer servicing to qualified personnel. To prevent electrical shock, do not remove covers.

6 Replaceable Parts

This chapter describes how to order replaceable assemblies and parts for the Keysight 2000/3000 X-Series oscilloscopes.

Diagrams and parts lists are included for assemblies and hardware that you can order.

Before working on the oscilloscope, read the safety summary at the back of this book.

Ordering Replaceable Parts

Listed Parts

To order a part in the parts list, quote the Keysight Technologies part number, indicate the quantity desired, and address the order to the nearest Keysight Technologies Sales Office. To find your nearest sales office go to **www.keysight.com**.

Unlisted Parts

To order a part not listed in the parts list, include the instrument part number, instrument serial number, a description of the part (including its function), and the number of parts required. Address the order to the nearest Keysight Technologies Sales Office.

Direct Mail Order System

Within the USA, Keysight Technologies can supply parts through a direct mail order system. There are several advantages to this system:

- Direct ordering and shipping from the Keysight Technologies parts center in California, USA.
- No maximum or minimum on any mail order. (There is a minimum amount for parts ordered through a local Keysight Technologies Sales Office when the orders require billing and invoicing.)
- Prepaid transportation. (There is a small handling charge for each order.)
- No invoices.

In order for Keysight Technologies to provide these advantages, please send a check or money order with each order.

Mail order forms and specific ordering information are available through your local Keysight Technologies Sales Office. Addresses and telephone numbers are located in a separate document shipped with the manuals.

Exchange Assemblies

Some parts used in this instrument have been set up for an exchange program. This program allows the customer to exchange a faulty assembly with one that has been repaired, calibrated, and performance-verified by the factory. The cost is significantly less than that of a new part. The exchange parts have a part number in the form XXXXX-695XX.

After receiving the repaired exchange part from Keysight Technologies, a United States customer has 30 days to return the faulty assembly. For orders not originating in the United States, contact the local Keysight Technologies service organization. If the faulty assembly is not returned within 30 days, the customer will be charged an additional amount. The additional amount will be the difference in price between a new assembly and that of an exchange assembly.

Exploded Views

The following exploded views provide a graphical representation of the oscilloscope at the time this manual was released. Not all parts are shown. Your parts may be slightly different than those shown. These views provide reference designator numbers that map to those used in the parts list table in this chapter.

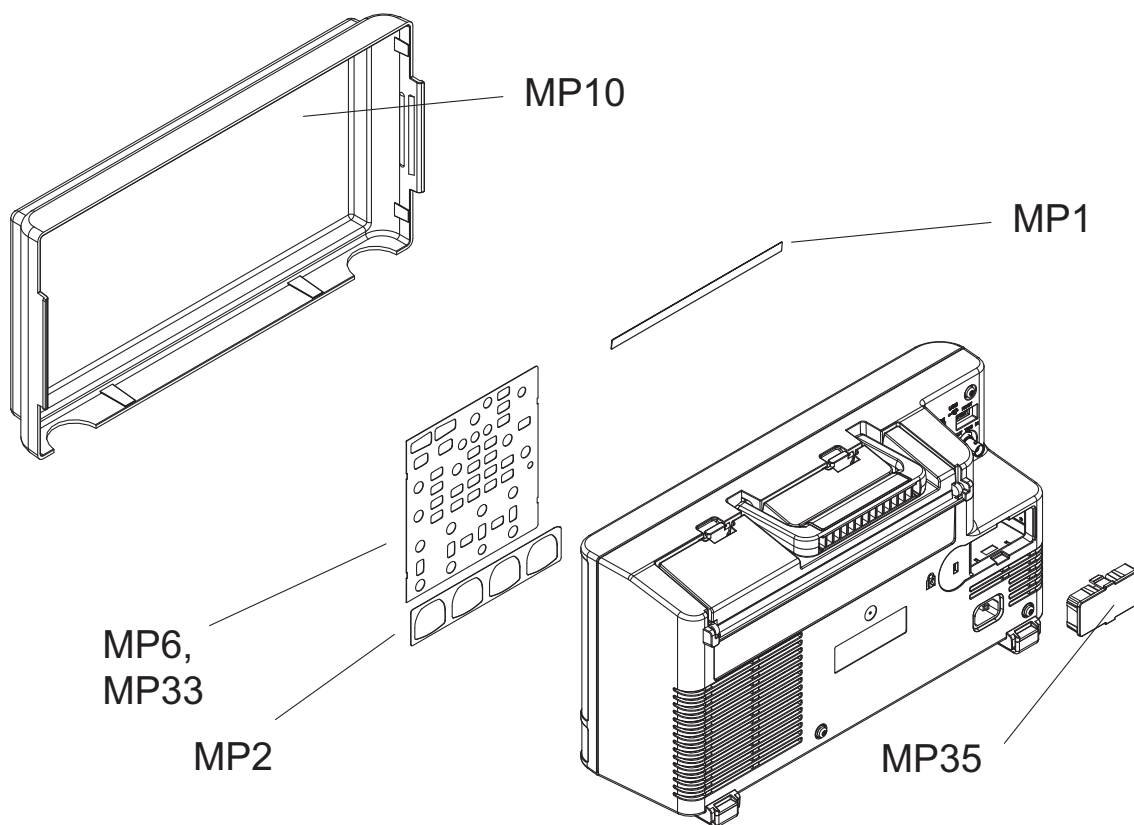


Figure 14 Exploded View

Replaceable Parts List

The information given for each part consists of the following:

- Reference designation.
- Keysight Technologies part number.
- Total quantity (Qty) in the instrument or on assembly.
- Description of the part.

Table 17 Replaceable Parts

Ref Des	Keysight Part Number	Qty	Description
	75014-68801	1	Oscilloscope 2000 X-Series 2-Ch - 70, 100, 200 MHz
	75014-69801	1	Oscilloscope 2000 X-Series 2-Ch - 70, 100, 200 MHz (exchange)
	75015-68801	1	Oscilloscope 2000 X-Series 4-Ch - 70, 100, 200 MHz
	75015-69801	1	Oscilloscope 2000 X-Series 4-Ch - 70, 100, 200 MHz (exchange)
	75016-68801	1	Oscilloscope 3000 X-Series 2-Ch - 100 MHz
	75016-69801	1	Oscilloscope 3000 X-Series 2-Ch - 100 MHz (exchange)
	75017-68801	1	Oscilloscope 3000 X-Series 4-Ch - 100, 200 MHz
	75017-69801	1	Oscilloscope 3000 X-Series 4-Ch - 100, 200 MHz (exchange)
	75018-68801	1	Oscilloscope 3000 X-Series 2-Ch - 350, 500 MHz
	75018-69801	1	Oscilloscope 3000 X-Series 2-Ch - 350, 500 MHz (exchange)
	75019-68801	1	Oscilloscope 3000 X-Series 4-Ch - 350, 500 MHz
	75019-69801	1	Oscilloscope 3000 X-Series 4-Ch - 350, 500 MHz (exchange)
	75022-68801	1	Oscilloscope 3000 X-Series 2-Ch - 1 GHz
	75022-69801	1	Oscilloscope 3000 X-Series 2-Ch - 1 GHz (exchange)
	75023-68801	1	Oscilloscope 3000 X-Series 4-Ch - 1 GHz
	75023-69801	1	Oscilloscope 3000 X-Series 4-Ch - 1 GHz (exchange)
H5	2950-0054	3	Nut, 1/2-28 THD (secures rear BNCs, not shown)

Table 17 Replaceable Parts (continued)

Ref Des	Keysight Part Number	Qty	Description
H11	2190-0068	3	Washer-LK Intl T 1/2 In. .505 IN-ID (for rear BNCs, not shown)
MP1	75010-94301	1	ID Label DSO-X 2002A
MP1	75010-94302	1	ID Label MSO-X 2002A
MP1	75011-94301	1	ID Label DSO-X 2004A
MP1	75011-94302	1	ID Label MSO-X 2004A
MP1	75012-94301	1	ID Label DSO-X 2012A
MP1	75012-94302	1	ID Label MSO-X 2012A
MP1	75013-94301	1	ID Label DSO-X 2014A
MP1	75013-94302	1	ID Label MSO-X 2014A
MP1	75014-94301	1	ID Label DSO-X 2022A
MP1	75014-94302	1	ID Label MSO-X 2022A
MP1	75015-94301	1	ID Label DSO-X 2024A
MP1	75015-94302	1	ID Label MSO-X 2024A
MP1	75016-94303	1	ID Label DSO-X 3012A
MP1	75016-94304	1	ID Label MSO-X 3012A
MP1	75017-94303	1	ID Label DSO-X 3014A
MP1	75017-94304	1	ID Label MSO-X 3014A
MP1	75019-94308	1	ID Label DSO-X 3024A
MP1	75019-94309	1	ID Label MSO-X 3024A
MP1	75016-94301	1	ID Label DSO-X 3032A
MP1	75016-94302	1	ID Label MSO-X 3032A
MP1	75017-94301	1	ID Label DSO-X 3034A
MP1	75017-94302	1	ID Label MSO-X 3034A
MP1	75018-94301	1	ID Label DSO-X 3052A
MP1	75018-94302	1	ID Label MSO-X 3052A

Table 17 Replaceable Parts (continued)

Ref Des	Keysight Part Number	Qty	Description
MP1	75019-94301	1	ID Label DSO-X 3054A
MP1	75019-94307	1	ID Label MSO-X 3054A
MP1	75022-94301	1	ID Label DSO-X 3102A
MP1	75022-94302	1	ID Label MSO-X 3102A
MP1	75023-94301	1	ID Label DSO-X 3104A
MP1	75023-94302	1	ID Label MSO-X 3104A
MP2	75019-94340	1	BNC Label 2 Channel
MP2	75019-94341	1	BNC Label 4 Channel
MP6	75019-94302	1	Front Keyboard Label 2 Channel
MP6	75019-94303	1	Front Keyboard Label 4 Channel
MP33	75019-94310	*	Overlay - Traditional Chinese, 4 channel
MP33	75019-94330	*	Overlay - Traditional Chinese, 2 channel
MP33	75019-94312	*	Overlay - Japanese, 4 channel
MP33	75019-94311	*	Overlay - Japanese, 2 channel
MP33	75019-94315	*	Overlay - Russian, 4 channel
MP33	75019-94322	*	Overlay - Russian, 2 channel
MP33	75019-94316		Overlay - French, 4 channel
MP33	75019-94324	*	Overlay - French, 2 channel
MP33	75019-94317	*	Overlay - Spanish, 4 channel
MP33	75019-94325	*	Overlay - Spanish, 2 channel
MP33	75019-94318	*	Overlay - German, 4 channel
MP33	75019-94326	*	Overlay - German, 2 channel
MP33	75019-94319	*	Overlay - Portuguese, 4 channel

Table 17 Replaceable Parts (continued)

Ref Des	Keysight Part Number	Qty	Description
MP33	75019-94327	*	Overlay - Portuguese, 2 channel
MP33	75019-94320	*	Overlay - Simplified Chinese, 4 channel
MP33	75019-94328	*	Overlay - Simplified Chinese, 2 channel
MP33	75019-94321	*	Overlay - Korean, 4 channel
MP33	75019-94329	*	Overlay - Korean, 2 channel
MP33	75019-94331	*	Overlay - Italian, 4 channel
MP33	75019-94323	*	Overlay - Italian, 2 channel
MP35	75019-42203	1	Hole Plug - Option Module
W6	Power cord	0-1	Part number varies by country. Contact your local Keysight sales office for replacement.
	N2862B	*	Passive Probe 10:1, 150 MHz
	N2863B	*	Passive Probe 10:1, 300 MHz
	N2890A	*	Passive Probe 10:1, 500 MHz
MP10	75019-44108	*	Protective Cover Assembly
Not shown	75019-68705	*	LAN Module
Not shown	75019-68706	*	GPIB Module
Not shown	N6456-60001	*	Rack Mount Kit for 2000/3000 X-Series Oscilloscope

*Optional item.

7 Safety Notices

This apparatus has been designed and tested in accordance with IEC Publication 1010, Safety Requirements for Measuring Apparatus, and has been supplied in a safe condition. This is a Safety Class I instrument (provided with terminal for protective earthing). Before applying power, verify that the correct safety precautions are taken (see the following warnings). In addition, note the external markings on the instrument that are described under “Safety Symbols.”

Warnings

Before turning on the instrument, you must connect the protective earth terminal of the instrument to the protective conductor of the (mains) power cord. The mains plug shall only be inserted in a socket outlet provided with a protective earth contact. You must not negate the protective action by using an extension cord (power cable) without a protective conductor (grounding). Grounding one conductor of a two-conductor outlet is not sufficient protection.

Only fuses with the required rated current, voltage, and specified type (normal blow, time delay, etc.) should be used. Do not use repaired fuses or short-circuited fuseholders. To do so could cause a shock or fire hazard.

If you energize this instrument by an auto transformer (for voltage reduction or mains isolation), the common terminal must be connected to the earth terminal of the power source.

Whenever it is likely that the ground protection is impaired, you must make the instrument inoperative and secure it against any unintended operation.

Service instructions are for trained service personnel. To avoid dangerous electric shock, do not perform any service unless qualified to do so. Do not attempt internal service or adjustment unless another person, capable of rendering first aid and resuscitation, is present.

Do not install substitute parts or perform any unauthorized modification to the instrument.

Capacitors inside the instrument may retain a charge even if the instrument is disconnected from its source of supply.

Do not operate the instrument in the presence of flammable gasses or fumes. Operation of any electrical instrument in such an environment constitutes a definite safety hazard.

Do not use the instrument in a manner not specified by the manufacturer.

To clean the instrument

If the instrument requires cleaning: (1) Remove power from the instrument. (2) Clean the external surfaces of the instrument with a soft cloth dampened with a mixture of mild detergent and water. (3) Make sure that the instrument is completely dry before reconnecting it to a power source.

Safety Symbols



Instruction manual symbol: the product is marked with this symbol when it is necessary for you to refer to the instruction manual in order to protect against damage to the product.



Hazardous voltage symbol.



Earth terminal symbol: Used to indicate a circuit common connected to grounded chassis.

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